Seat No.: Enrolment No.

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE- SEMESTER- 1st / 2nd • EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2016

	•	Code:110011 Date: 31/05/20 Name: Physics	Date: 31/05/2016	
Tiı	Time: 02:30 pm to 05:00 pm Instructions: Total Marks:			
	1. 2.	Attempt any five questions. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks.		
Q.1	(a)	Answer the following questions. [One mark each] 1. Frequency range of audible sound waves is 2. What is population inversion? 3. A semiconductor behaves as a perfect insulator at 4. Define reverberation time. 5. Explain the term lattice. 6. What is the transition temperature for mercury? 7. Define sound intensity.	07	
	(b)	Answer the following questions. [One mark each] 1. Define critical temperature. 2. Expand the term 'LASER' 3. State the working principle of fiber optics. 4. Define unit cell. 5. Write one-one example of pentavalent impurity and trivalent impurity. 6. What is the life time of charge carriers in metastable state? 7. Total internal reflection occurs when a light ray travels from to to to	07	
Q.2	(a)	Explain the terms Magnetostriction and piezoelectric effect. Discuss any one	07	
	(b)	method of production of ultrasonic waves. 1. Describe the characteristics of Laser.	04	
		2. The refractive indices of the core and the cladding materials are 1.55 and 1.51 respectively. Calculate the numerical aperture of the optical fibre made from these materials.	03	
Q.3	(a)	Explain the construction and working of Nd: YAG Laser with a suitable energy level diagram.	07	
	(b)	 Compare Type-I and Type-II superconductor. The critical temperature of Nb is 9.15 K. At zero Kelvin the critical field is 0.196 Tesla. Calculate the critical field at 6K. 	04 03	
Q.4	(a)	State any five factors affecting the acoustics of the building and give at least two remedies for each.	07	
	(b)	 Describe any four applications of Laser. A cinema hall has a volume of 7500m³. What should be the total absorption in the hall if the reverberation time of 1.5sec is to be maintained? 	04 03	
Q.5	(a)	What is metallic glass? Explain melt-spinning method for the preparation of metallic glass (with diagram).	07	
	(b)	 Explain liquid penetrant method for NDT. What is SQUID? Explain with diagram. 	04 03	

Q.6	(a)	What are superconductors? Explain few important properties of Superconductors.	07
	(b)	 Compare single mode and multi mode optical fiber. Copper has FCC structure and its lattice parameter is 3.6 Å. Find the atomic radius. 	04 03
Q.7	(a)	What is Hall effect? Derive equations for Hall voltage, Hall co-efficient and mobility for n-type semiconducting material.	07
	(b)	1. What is Zener diode? Explain with circuit diagram how a Zener diode operates in reverse bias condition.	04
		2. Calculate the frequency to which piezoelectric oscillator circuit should be tuned so that a piezoelectric crystal of thickness 0.1cm vibrates in its fundamental mode to generate ultrasonic waves.(Young's modulus and the density of material of crystal are 80 GPa and 2654 kgm ⁻³).	03
