Seat No.:				
		GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY		
S	hihie	BE - SEMESTER-V (NEW) - EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2016 ect Code:2152407 Date:06/05/201	XAMINATION – SUMMER 2016 Date: 06/05/2016	
	•	ect Name:Power Electronic Circuits-I	10	
T	Sime	:02:30 PM to 05:00 PM ctions: 1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	70	
Q.1	(a) (b)	What is PWM? Explain its generation, importance and application. Explain the working of 1-Ø Uncontrolled Rectifier with RL load. Draw necessary figure and waveforms.	07 07	
Q.2	(a) (b)	Explain Morgan's Chopper with necessary figures, waveforms and applications. Explain the construction and working of IGBT along with its VI characteristics. OR	07 07	
	(b)	Draw the switching characteristics of IGBT. Explain Latch Up in IGBT.	07	
Q.3	(a)	Discuss the working principle of resonant converters. State its classification and advantages.	07	
	(b)	Derive the output voltage equation for a Buck (Step Down) Converter using necessary figures. Draw output current waveforms for CCM mode of operation. OR	07	
Q.3	(a)	Explain in brief ZVS and ZCS and compare ZVS and ZCS topologies.	07	
-	(b)	Derive the output voltage equation for a Boost (Step Up) Converter using	07	

necessary figures. Draw output current waveforms for DCM mode of operation.

Q.4	(a) (b)	Explain the TRC & CLC control strategies for the control of chopper. A buck type chopper operates from 250V DC voltage with switching frequency of 200 Hz. The load has a resistance of 0.5Ω , inductance of 5mH and corresponding back emf E = 80 V. The device is ON for 2ms during a cycle. Find out: 1) Minimum and maximum current passing through the load. 2) Average current through the load.	07 07		
		OR			
Q.4	(a)	Explain the principle of a chopper and list its classification. Elaborate the advantage of using chopper over conventional methods of voltage control.	07		
	(b)	A boost chopper operates from 24V battery supply and supplies voltage to a load of 16Ω resistance through an inductance of 10mH. Frequency of switching is 1kHz. The device is ON for 0.75ms. Filter capacitor is 1000uF (500V). Determine: 1) Average load current I_o . 2) Current Locus (Minimum I_1 and Maximum I_2 current through the inductor). 3) Current supplied by the battery I_s .	07		
Q.5	(a) (b)	Explain the working of flyback SMPS. Draw circuit diagram and waveforms. Explain the working of 1-Ø Half Wave Controlled Rectifier with RLE load with necessary waveforms.	07 07		
		OR			
Q.5	(a)	Explain the working of Half Controlled Rectifier with R load with necessary waveforms.	07		
	(b)	Explain the working of full bridge isolated DC-DC converter.	07		
