Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

## **BE - SEMESTER-VII EXAMINATION - WINTER 2015**

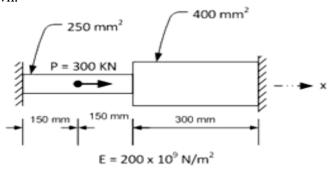
Su	bject	t Code: 172006 Date:04/12/2015	
Su	bject	Name: Computer Aided Design for Mechatronics	
		10:30am to 1:00pm Total Marks: 70	
Ins		<ul><li>Attempt all questions.</li><li>Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.</li></ul>	
Q.1	(a)	Explain the significance of Computer Aided Design in solving general Engineering problems.	07
	<b>(b)</b>	What is geometric modeling? Explain the three types of models i.e.wireframe, surface and solid models with its advantage and disadvantages.	07
Q.2	(a) (b)	Explain the components of hardware of CAD system  Describe the characteristics of Bezier curve. Also explain the limitations of hermite cubic curve.	07 07
	<b>.</b>	OR	
	<b>(b)</b>	Differentiate between:  1. Vector display and Raster display  2. CRT and LCD displays	07
Q.3	(a) (b)	Explain Constructive Solid geometry (CSG) The end point of a Bezier curve are $P_0$ (1, 3) and $P_3$ (7, 2). The other control points of the Bezier curve are $P_1$ (5, 6) and $P_2$ (6, 0). Value for $u$ = 0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8 and 1.	07 07
		1. Determine the parametric equation of curve. Plot the Bezier curve if the direction of polygon is $P_0 - P_1 - P_2 - P_3$ .	
0.2	(a)	OR	07
Q.3	(a) (b)	Explain Boundary Representation A generalized parametric representation of Hermite Cubic spline is: $P(u) = (2u^3 - 3u^2 + 1)P_0 + (-2u^3 + 3u^2)P_1 + (u^3 - 2u^2 + u)P_0' + (u^3 - u^2)P_1'$ Prove that the blending functions of the Hermite cubic spline curve are symmetric. What is the consequence of this symmetry?	07
Q.4	(a)	Define Rotation and scaling in 2D transformations. Prove that reflection along y = -x is equal to reflection about y=x followed by counterclockwise rotation by 90 degree.	07
	(b)	Write bresenham's algorithm for generation of line. Determine the pixels to be plotted when a line is to be drawn from the position (7, 3) to (1, 1) using DDA algorithm and also write the limitation of DDA algorithm.  OR	07
Q.4	(a) (b)	Explain the different types of graphics standards and their applications.  Differentiate DDA and Bresenhams algorithm. Give suitable examples of each.	07 07

## Q.5 (a) Explain the following

- Discretization
- Global stiffness matrix
- Types of Elements
- **(b)** Explain the principle of minimum potential energy and derive the global stiffness matrix for a bar element.

## OR

- **Q.5** (a) State the advantages and limitations of FEM as an analysis method and also write the FEA application.
  - (b) Determine the nodal displacements, element stresses, and support reactions. Use elimination methods for handling boundary conditions Consider the bar in Fig loaded as shown.



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