GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY B.PLAN - SEMESTER-II EXAMINATION – WINTER 2015

Subject Code: 1025504Date:03/12/2015Subject Name: Statistical and Quantitative Methods in Planning - IITime: 02:30pm to 04:30pmTotal Marks: 50

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) (1) A random sample of 15,000 mothers is taken across Gujarat. Sample mean age of them becoming mother is found out to be 23 years. For estimating the claim that mean age of a female becoming mother is less than 23 years, what will be your null hypothesis for hypothesis testing

(a) $H0 = 23$	(b) H0 <= 23
(c) H0 >=23	(d) H0 > 23

(2) Correlation analysis provides causal effect

(a) True	(b) False
(c) Sometimes	(d) Provided, variables are not in
	linear relationship

(3) In simple linear regression model, b1 denotes

(a) Regression slope	(b) Dependent variable
(c) Regression intercept	(d) Independent variable

(4) For a data set with degree of freedom 6 and confidence level of 99%, chi square critical value would be

(a) 22.458	(b) 16.812
(c) 10.645	(d) 12.592

(5) Decision making analysis is a method for

- (a) Reducing uncertainty (b) Getting perfect information
- (c) Increasing uncertainty (d) None of the above
- (6) For any given linear programing model, at (x, y) the condition would be

(a) Average output	(b) Minimum output
(c) Maximum output	(d) None of the above

- (b) Define following terms: (Any Four)
 - (1) Type II error
 - (2) Sum of square of errors
 - (3) Expected value of perfect information
 - (4) Slack variable
 - (5) Regression intercept
 - (6) Null hypothesis
- Q.2 (a) A chips manufacturing company states on the product label that all its packages 05 contains 250 gms. of wafers. A sample of 1500 packages is tested and sample mean of 247 gms. is derived. Considering the population standard deviation to be 60, estimate weather all packages contain 250 gms. of chips or not.
 - (b) Explain in detail, Type I and Type II errors in reference of hypothesis testing 05

OR

(b) A random sample of 12 joggers was carried out in Parimal garden. Below 05 mentioned is the data related to the jogging (in km.) that they do per day.

3 3.2 2 2.9 4 4.1 4.6 2.8 3.2 3 2 1.9

Assuming that the sample came from an underlying normal distribution, investigate the claim that its mean exceeds 2.5 km./ day.

Q.3 For working out water requirement in DSIR, water requirements of 5 cities are studied and they are as per below

Population of City (Lakhs)	Water Consumption (MLD)
18	700
20	650
22	800
36	950
42	1100

For the given data set

(a) Draw a regression line model diagram
 (b) Estimate –

 (i) Water requirement (MLD) for a population of 35,00,000
 (ii) Optimum population size for water consumption of 1000 MLD

04

- **Q.3** (a) Find out SST, SSR and SSE
 - (b) What is coefficient of determination

Q.4

Х	у
4	45
12	37
6	42
8	51
10	45

For the given data set

- (a) Find the value of r
- (b) Plot a regression line diagram

OR

Q.4 A real estate developer is planning to develop a township on a piece of land. The investment requirement for the project is around 15 crores and if the project gets completely sold out then he will generate profit of Rs. 40 crores. However looking at the current scenario, there are only 30% chances that the project will get sold out completely, so under that situation he will have to incur losses of Rs. 8 crores.

He has also got an offer to sell of the land and in that scenario; he will out rightly make a profit of Rs. 20 crores.

For the above given situation

What decision should the developer take under

- (a) (i) Maximax criterion
 - (ii) Maximin criterion
 - (iii) Maximum likelihood criterion
 - (iv)Even state of probabilities
 - (v) Given state of probabilities

05

05 05

05 05

3

(b) (i) What is the maximum amount that he should invest in hiring a market specialist? 05(ii) Prepare a decision tree for even and given state of probabilities

Name of State / Career Option	Medical	Engineering	Management
Delhi	20	20	10
Mumbai	15	15	20
Chennai	10	20	20
Kolkata	18	20	12
Bhopal	22	20	8

A survey has been conducted in four major cities to identify the professional interest of young students

(a)

Q.5

Find out critical value for chi-square analysis for the above given data fro confidence level of 90%, 97.5% and 99.99%

(b) Is there a relation between the student opting for professional career and region he 05 belongs to?

OR

Q.5 For a given farm land of 200 acres, what amount of wheat and cotton should be grown to earn maximum profit?

The farmer makes a profit of Rs. 300/ acre from wheat and Rs. 200/ acre from cotton, however wheat takes 3 hrs / acre of labour to harvest and cotton takes 1 hr / acre to harvest. He only has a total of 300 hours of labour.

- (a) List down the decision variables, objective function and constrains for the above 05 given situation and with the help of graphical method solve the above given situation
- (b) Will there be change in the situation if the area under cotton is restricted to maximum of 20 acres? If yes, provide the maximum profit earning break up for this situation.

05

Z	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
0.0	.50000	.50399	.50798	.51197	.51595	.51994	.52392	.52790	.53188	.53586
0.1	.53983	.54380	.54776	.55172	.55567	.55962	.56356	.56749	.57142	.57535
0.2	.57926	.58317	.58706	.59095	.59483	.59871	.60257	.60642	.61026	.61409
0.3	.61791	.62172	.62552	.62930	.63307	.63683	.64058	.64431	.64803	.65173
0.4	.65542	.65910	.66276	.66640	.67003	.67364	.67724	.68082	.68439	.68793
0.5	.69146	.69497	.69847	.70194	.70540	.70884	.71226	.71566	.71904	.72240
0.6	.72575	.72907	.73237	.73565	.73891	.74215	.74537	.74857	.75175	.75490
0.7	.75804	.76115	.76424	.76730	.77035	.77337	.77637	.77935	.78230	.7852
0.8	.78814	.79103	.79389	.79673	.79955	.80234	.80511	.80785	.81057	.8132
0.9	.81594	.81859	.82121	.82381	.82639	.82894	.83147	.83398	.83646	.8389
1.0	.84134	.84375	.84614	.84849	.85083	.85314	.85543	.85769	.85993	.8621
1.1	.86433	.86650	.86864	.87076	.87286	.87493	.87698	.87900	.88100	.8829
1.2	.88493	.88686	.88877	.89065	.89251	.89435	.89617	.89796	.89973	.9014
1.3	.90320	.90490	.90658	.90824	.90988	.91149	.91309	.91466	.91621	.9177
1.4	.91924	.92073	.92220	.92364	.92507	.92647	.92785	.92922	.93056	.9318
1.5	.93319	.93448	.93574	.93699	.93822	.93943	.94062	.94179	.94295	.9440
1.6	.94520	.94630	.94738	.94845	.94950	.95053	.95154	.95254	.95352	.9544
1.7	.95543	.95637	.95728	.95818	.95907	.95994	.96080	.96164	.96246	.9632
1.8	.96407	.96485	.96562	.96638	.96712	.96784	.96856	.96926	.96995	.9706
1.9	.97128	.97193	.97257	.97320	.97381	.97441	.97500	.97558	.97615	.9767
2.0	.97725	.97778	.97831	.97882	.97932	.97982	.98030	.98077	.98124	.9816
2.1	.98214	.98257	.98300	.98341	.98382	.98422	.98461	.98500	.98537	.9857
2.2	.98610	.98645	.98679	.98713	.98745	.98778	.98809	.98840	.98870	.9889
2.3	.98928	.98956	.98983	.99010	.99036	.99061	.99086	.99111	.99134	.9915
2.4	.99180	.99202	.99224	.99245	.99266	.99286	.99305	.99324	.99343	.9936
2.5	.99379	.99396	.99413	.99430	.99446	.99461	.99477	.99492	.99506	.9952
2.6	.99534	.99547	.99560	.99573	.99585	.99598	.99609	.99621	.99632	.9964
2.7	.99653	.99664	.99674	.99683	.99693	.99702	.99711	.99720	.99728	.9973
2.8	.99744	.99752	.99760	.99767	.99774	.99781	.99788	.99795	.99801	.9980
2.9	.99813	.99819	.99825	.99831	.99836	.99841	.99846	.99851	.99856	.9986
3.0	.99865	.99869	.99874	.99878	.99882	.99886	.99889	.99893	.99896	.9990
3.1	.99903	.99906	.99910	.99913	.99916	.99918	.99921	.99924	.99926	.9992
3.2	.99931	.99934	.99936	.99938	.99940	.99942	.99944	.99946	.99948	.9995
3.3	.99952	.99953	.99955	.99957	.99958	.99960	.99961	.99962	.99964	.9996
3.4	.99966	.99968	.99969	.99970	.99971	.99972	.99973	.99974	.99975	.9997
3.5	.99977	.99978	.99978	.99979	.99980	.99981	.99981	.99982	.99983	.9998
3.6	.99984	.99985	.99985	.99986	.99986	.99987	.99987	.99988	.99988	.9998
3.7	.99989	.99990	.99990	.99990	.99991	.99991	.99992	.99992	.99992	.9999
3.8	.99993	.99993	.99993	.99994	.99994	.99994	.99994	.99995	.99995	.9999
3.9	.99995	.99995	.99996	.99996	.99996	.99996	.99996	.99996	.99997	.9999

STANDARD NORMAL DISTRIBUTION: Table Values Represent AREA to the LEFT of the Z score.

Upper critical values of chi-square distribution with $oldsymbol{ u}$ degrees of freedom

	Probability	of exceedi	ng the cri	tical valu	le
v	0.10	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.001
1	2.706	3.841	5.024	6.635	10.828
2	4.605	5.991	7.378	9.210	13.816
3	6.251	7.815	9.348	11.345	16.266
4	7.779 9.236	9.488 11.070	11.143	13.277	18.467 20.515
5	9.236	12.592	12.833 14.449	15.086 16.812	20.515
7	12.017	14.067	16.013	18.475	24.322
8	13.362	15.507	17.535	20.090	26.125
9	14.684	16.919	19.023	21.666	27.877
10	15.987	18.307	20.483	23.209	29.588
11	17.275	19.675	21.920	24.725	31.264
12	18.549	21.026	23.337	26.217	32.910
13	19.812	22.362	24.736	27.688	34.528
14 15	21.064 22.307	23.685 24.996	26.119 27.488	29.141 30.578	36.123 37.697
16	23.542	26.296	28.845	32.000	39.252
17	24.769	27.587	30.191	33.409	40.790
18	25.989	28.869	31.526	34.805	42.312
19	27.204	30.144	32.852	36.191	43.820
20	28.412	31.410	34.170	37.566	45.315
21	29.615	32.671	35.479	38.932	46.797
22	30.813	33.924	36.781	40.289	48.268
23 24	32.007	35.172	38.076	41.638	49.728 51.179
24	33.196 34.382	36.415 37.652	39.364 40.646	42.980 44.314	52.620
26	35.563	38.885	41.923	45.642	54.052
27	36.741	40.113	43.195	46.963	55.476
28	37.916	41.337	44.461	48.278	56.892
29	39.087	42.557	45.722	49.588	58.301
30	40.256	43.773	46.979	50.892	59.703
31	41.422	44.985	48.232	52.191	61.098
32 33	42.585	46.194 47.400	49.480 50.725	53.486 54.776	62.487 63.870
34	43.745 44.903	48.602	51.966	56.061	65.247
35	46.059	49.802	53.203	57.342	66.619
36	47.212	50.998	54.437	58.619	67.985
37	48.363	52.192	55.668	59.893	69.347
38	49.513	53.384	56.896	61.162	70.703
39	50.660	54.572	58.120	62.428	72.055
40	51.805	55.758	59.342	63.691	73.402
41 42	52.949 54.090	56.942 58.124	60.561 61.777	64.950 66.206	74.745 76.084
43	55.230	59.304	62.990	67.459	77.419
44	56.369	60.481	64.201	68.710	78.750
45	57.505	61.656	65.410	69.957	80.077
46	58.641	62.830	66.617	71.201	81.400
47	59.774	64.001	67.821	72.443	82.720
48	60.907	65.171	69.023	73.683	84.037
49	62.038 63.167	66.339	70.222 71.420	74.919	85.351 86.661
50 51	64.295	67.505 68.669	72.616	76.154 77.386	87.968
52	65.422	69.832	73.810	78.616	89.272
53	66.548	70.993	75.002	79.843	90.573
54	67.673	72.153	76.192	81.069	91.872
55	68.796	73.311	77.380	82.292	93.168
56	69.919	74.468	78.567	83.513	94.461
57	71.040	75.624	79.752	84.733	95.751
58 50	72.160	76.778	80.936	85.950 87.166	97.039 98.324
59 60	73.279 74.397	77.931 79.082	82.117 83.298	88.379	98.324 99.607
61	75.514	80.232	84.476	89.591	100.888
62	76.630	81.381	85.654	90.802	102.166
63	77.745	82.529	86.830	92.010	103.442
64	78.860	83.675	88.004	93.217	104.716
65	79.973	84.821	89.177	94.422	105.988
66 67	81.085	85.965	90.349	95.626	107.258
67 68	82.197 83.308	87.108 88.250	91.519 92.689	96.828 98.028	108.526 109.791
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