Enrolment No.\_\_\_\_\_

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY** B. Pharm. – SEMESTER – IV • EXAMINATION – WINTER • 2015

•		Code: 240001 Date: 29-12-2015	
Time Instru 1. 2.	: 02: ction Atte Mak	mpt any five questions. a suitable assumptions wherever necessary.	
3.	Figu	res to the right indicate full marks.	
Q.1	(a) (b) (c)	What is Dispensing pharmacy? Write scopes of it. Define Prescription. Explain in brief various parts of typical prescription. Discuss the general procedure for the handling of prescription.	06 05 05
Q.2	(a) (b) (c)	<ul><li>Write the hazards encountered by the packaging materials.</li><li>Give labeling requirements of the following dosage forms.</li><li>1. Liniment 2. Lozenges 3. Linctuses 4. Enema 5. Inhalations</li><li>Convert: 1 gallon in ml, I scruple in to Grains, 1 LB in to grains, 10 fl oz in to ml.</li></ul>	06 05 05
Q.3	(a) (b) (c)	What is Posology? Write various methods for dose calculations. Describe factors affecting Dose. Write short note on Emulsion.	06 05 05
Q.4	(a) (b) (c)	Convert 90 % v/v & 40 % v/v Alcohol in to proof strength. Calculate the amount of NaCl required to make 200 ml of 1% procaine HCl solution isotonic with blood plasma. F.P. of 1% procaine HCl, 1% NaCl & Blood Plasma is -0.122°C, -0.58°C & -0.52°C Respectively. A Pharmacist has a 70% solution & 15% solution of a drug. How many ml of each solution should be mix to make 480 ml of 30% solution?	06 05 05
Q.5	(a) (b) (c)	Classify powders. Brifly explain steps involved in its preparation. Enumerate the oral Unit Dosage forms. Write short note on tablet triturates. Write short note on Inhalations.	06 05 05
Q. 6	(a) (b) (c)	Differentiate: Diffusible and Indiffusible Mixtures Differentiate: Lotion and Liniments Differentiate: Linctuses and Elixirs	06 05 05
Q.7	(a) (b) (c)	Define Suppository. Discuss displacement value Write brief note on effervescent granules. Comment: Rx Liquorise calciferolisM ii GlyceriniM v Aquam3 i Fiat: Emulsio, Mitte: 2 fl. oz	06 05 05

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