

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**DIPLOMA ENGINEERING – SEMESTER – IV • EXAMINATION – SUMMER- 2016**

**Subject Code: 3340501****Date: 09- 05- 2016****Subject Name: PROCESS HEAT TRANSFER****Time: 10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make Suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Use of programmable & Communication aids are strictly prohibited.
5. Use of only simple calculator is permitted in Mathematics.
6. English version is authentic.

- Q.1** Answer any seven out of ten. **14**
1. Define: Emissivity
  2. Define: Condensation
  3. Define: Heat transfer rate
  4. Define: Composite structures
  5. Define: Specific heat
  6. Define: Pitch
  7. Give function of tube sheet in shell and tube heat exchanger
  8. Give function of baffles in shell and tube heat exchanger
  9. Give function of tie rod in shell and tube heat exchanger
  10. What are heat sensitive materials?
- Q.2** (a) Differentiate between steady state and unsteady state heat transfer. **03**  
OR
- (a) Classify modes of heat transfer. **03**  
(b) Define heat flux and temperature gradient. **03**  
OR
- (b) Draw only a neat figure showing regimes of pool boiling. **03**  
(c) Discuss variation of thermal conductivity with temperature in solids, liquids and gases. **04**  
OR
- (c) Derive Fourier's law. **04**  
(d) State and explain Kirchoff's law. **04**  
OR
- (d) Give any four dimensionless groups in heat transfer with their significance. **04**
- Q.3** (a) Explain Newton's law of convective heat transfer. **03**  
OR
- (a) Calculate heat loss per m<sup>2</sup> of surface through a brick wall 0.5 m thick when the inner surface is at 400K and outside surface is at 310K. The value of thermal conductivity is 0.7 W/(m.K) **03**  
(b) Calculate the heat loss by radiation from an unlagged steam pipe having 50 mm o.d. at 377K to air at 283K. Value of emissivity may be taken as 0.90. **03**  
OR
- (b) What is nucleate boiling? **03**  
(c) Differentiate between types of convection. **04**  
OR
- (c) Explain various types of baffles. **04**

	(d)	Give classification of heat exchangers based on flow pattern.	<b>04</b>
		OR	
	(d)	Draw neat figure of 1-1 shell and tube heat exchanger.	<b>04</b>
<b>Q.4</b>	(a)	Explain Stefan Boltzmann law.	<b>03</b>
		OR	
	(a)	Give classification of evaporators.	<b>03</b>
	(b)	Explain Duhring's rule and its importance.	<b>04</b>
		OR	
	(b)	In a double pipe heat exchanger hot fluid has temperatures of 145 and 90 °C and cold fluid has temperatures of 35 and 65 °C. Calculate LMTD for counter flow.	<b>04</b>
	©	Derive expression for overall heat transfer coefficient using individual heat transfer coefficients.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.5</b>	(a)	Discuss any three characteristics affecting evaporation.	<b>04</b>
	(b)	Differentiate between single effect and multiple effect evaporators.	<b>04</b>
	©	What are the uses of insulation?	<b>03</b>
	(d)	Define black body, gray body and white body.	<b>03</b>

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