## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY** MCA - SEMESTER- III • EXAMINATION – SUMMER - 2016

	•	t Code:2630004	Date:26/05/2016		
Ti	me:0 tructio 1. 2.	Attempt all quest Make suitable as	5.00 PM	Total Marks: 70	
Q.1	(a)	<ul> <li>i) What is PCB? Li</li> <li>ii) Define (ANY T</li> <li>a) Process</li> <li>b) Thrashing</li> <li>c) JCL</li> <li>d) TLB</li> </ul>		04 03	
Q.2	<ul> <li>(b) Draw the standard seven state transition diagram. Briefly define each state.</li> <li>(a) i) Why Dynamic partitioning leaves smaller internal fragments than fi partitioning?</li> <li>ii) Why Best fit algorithm leaves smaller memory holes than first-fit?</li> <li>iii) How does page size optimize system performance?</li> </ul>				
	(b)	following set of pro Process A B C D E	first Serve and Shortest Processes and calculate turnarou         Arrival Time         0         2         4         6         8         a is better for smaller jobs, SP	Service Time           3           6           4           5           2	
	(b)	What is Time sliciting importance of quan	-	(R) scheduling algorithm. What is the 07	
Q.3	(a) (b)	<ul> <li>Explain Address translation using paging/segmentation.</li> <li>i) Write short Note: <ul> <li>i) Buddy System</li> <li>ii) Counting Semaphore and Binary Semaphore</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
Q.3	(a) (b)	List and Discuss various methods for secondary storage management. Explain Kernel Level thread. Why it is better than User Level Thread (ULT)?			
Q.4	(a) (b)	Explain Producer / Consumer problem using finite buffer. ( Discuss OPT, LRU and FIFO Page replacement algorithms. ( OR			
Q.4	(a) (b)	Explain Deadlock and its conditions. What is Deadline scheduling? What types of information are used in dead line scheduling.			

Q.5	(a) What is cluster? Discuss clustering methods with its advantages and dis-advantages				
-	<b>(b)</b>	i) Explain FIFO and SCAN disk scheduling algorithm.			
		ii) Compare Fixed Length, variable length un-spanned and variable length spanned record blocking.			
		OR			
Q.5	<b>(a)</b>	List and explain seven levels of RAID.	07		
	<b>(b)</b>	i) Discuss Role of middleware.	04		

ii) Discuss characteristics of Fat and Thin Clients 03

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