Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

MCA - SEMESTER-IV • EXAMINATION – SUMMER – 2016

Subject Code:2640008	Date: 04-06-2016
Subject Code. 2040000	Date. 04-00-201

Subject Name: Computer Graphics

Time: 10.30a.m. To 01.00p.m. Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (A) Answer the following questions:
 - 1. CAM stands for .
 - 2. The technique used to summarize financial, statistic, mathematical, scientific and economic data is
 - a. Computer Art
 - b. Image Processing
 - c. Presentation Graphics
 - d. None Of the above
 - 3. 2-D graphs are more efficient than 3-D graphs True or False
 - 4. Refreshing on raster can display is carried out at the rate of
 - a) 60 to 80 frames per sec
 - b) 40 to 60 frames per sec
 - c) 30 to 60 frames per sec
 - d) None of the above
 - 5. The amount of light emitted by the phosphor coating depends on the
 - a) Number of electrons striking the screen
 - b) Speed of electrons striking the screen
 - c) Distance for cathode to the screen
 - d) None Of the above
 - 6. Which of the following algorithms can be used for circle generation?
 - a. Bresenham's algorithm
 - b. Midpoint algorithm
 - c. Both (a) and (b)
 - d. None of the above.

08

		a) 0,8		
		b) 1,8		
		c) 4,6 d) 5,6		
		u) 5,0		
		8 GLUT library function is used for deleting a display		
		window that is already created.		
0.1	(D)	Empleio the Eallenia (Arm Thomas)		
Q. 1	(B)	Explain the Following(Any Three) I.Refresh Rate II.Depth Cueing	6	
		, ,		
		III. Vanishing Point IV. Aspect Ratio	_	
Q-2	(A)	State Midpoint Circle Algorithm and explain in brief.	7	
Q-2	(B)	Explain the Bresenham Line generation Algorithm	7	
		OR		
Q.2	(B)	Explain the basic design and operation of Refresh Cathode- Ray Tube.	7	
Q-3	(A)	List out the Application Area OF Computer Graphics and Explain any Five of	7	
		them.		
Q-3	(B)	Explain 2D Window to viewport Transformation and its pipeline.	7	
		OR		
Q.3	(A)	Explain General Two Dimensional Pivot point Rotation and Derive its Matrix.	7	
Q.3	(B)	Explain following functions with Parameter		
		I.glMatrixMode()	7	
		$ \textbf{III.}. glutInitDisplayMode(mode) \qquad \textbf{IV.} glutInitWindowSize() $		
Q. 4	(A)	Explain two dimension Scaling, Rotation and Translate	7	
Q. 4	(B)	•		
•	` /	units in x-direction and 3 units in y-direction.	7	

OR

7. Which of the following pixels will not be put ON for drawing an origin

centered circle with radius 8

Q. 4	(A)	Explain Cohen Sutherland line clipping algorithm.	
Q. 4	(B)	Explain concave and convex polygon. Specify the method for converting concave to convex polygon using example.	7
Q. 5	(A)	Explain the following	
	I.	Differentiate between Parallel and Perspective projection and explain Perspective projection in brief.	4
	II.	Cavalier and Cabinet Oblique Parallel Projections.	3
Q. 5	(B)	Describe the difference between 4-connected area and 8-connected area for filling irregular boundary shapes and explain any one algorithm. OR	7
Q. 5	(A)	Write short note on the Following	7
		I.Inside Outside Test II. Line Attributes	
Q. 5	(B)	Explain DDA line drawing algorithm with Examples	7
