Enrol	ment	No.

### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY** PDDC - SEMESTER-I- EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2016

## Subject Code:X11901 Subject Name:STRENGTH OF MATERIALS Time:02:30 PM to 05:00 PM

# **Total Marks: 70**

Date:02/06/2016

**Instructions:** 

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

0.1 (a) Define following terms: 07 (i) Ductility (ii) Malleability (iii) Hardness (iv) Toughness (v) Endurance limit (vi) Brittleness (vii) Creep (b) Explain behavior of ductile material under tensile load showing the neat sketch 07

- of stress-strain curve.
- 07 Q.2 **(a)** Calculate shear force and bending moment at salient points of the cantilever beam shown in fig. 1. Draw shear force diagram and bending moment diagram for the beam.
  - (b) Derive expressions of relation between the rate of loading, shear force and 07 bending moment at a section of beam.

#### OR

- (b) For torsion of a circular shaft, derive the equation  $T/J = \tau/R = C\theta/L$  with usual 07 notations.
- Q.3 Calculate shear force and bending moment at salient points of the simply 07 **(a)** supported beam shown in fig. 2. Draw shear force diagram and bending moment diagram for the beam.
  - (b) Find slope and deflection at free end of the cantilever beam shown in fig. 1 07 using any method. Take EI = constant.

#### OR

- (a) Define the terms Strain Energy and Proof Resilience. Derive an expression for 07 0.3 strain energy stored in a body when the load is applied gradually.
  - (b) A steel bar of 3m length and  $1000 \text{ mm}^2$  in cross section suddenly loaded with 07 an axial pull of 50kN. Find maximum instantaneous stress, maximum instantaneous elongation and strain energy. Take  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .
- **Q.4** A tensile test specimen having a diameter 11.28 mm and a gauge length of 50 07 **(a)** mm was tested to fracture. The load and deformation data obtained during the test were as follows:

Load (kN)	0	14.9	28.5	30.6	33.3	41.0	49.7	50.7	49.7	45.1
Change in Length (mm)	0	0.04	0.08	0.12	0.20	1.00	4.00	6.00	9.00	Fail

Final gauge length = 62.5 mm, Final diameter of specimen = 9.50 mm. Determine ultimate strength, percentage elongation over the gauge length and percentage reduction in area.

(b) Calculate the slope at supports A & B and deflection at C for the simply 07 supported beam as shown in fig. 2. Take EI = constant.

#### OR

(a) Find the maximum shear stress induced in a solid circular shaft of diameter 150 **Q.4** 07 mm when the shaft transmits 150 kW power at 180 r.p.m.

- (b) Analyze the continuous beam as shown in fig. 3 and draw shear force diagram 07 & bending moment diagram.
- Q.5 **(a)** Analyze the fixed beam shown in fig. 4. Draw shear force and bending moment 07 diagram.
  - Illustrate with neat sketches different types of riveted and welded connections. 07 **(b)**

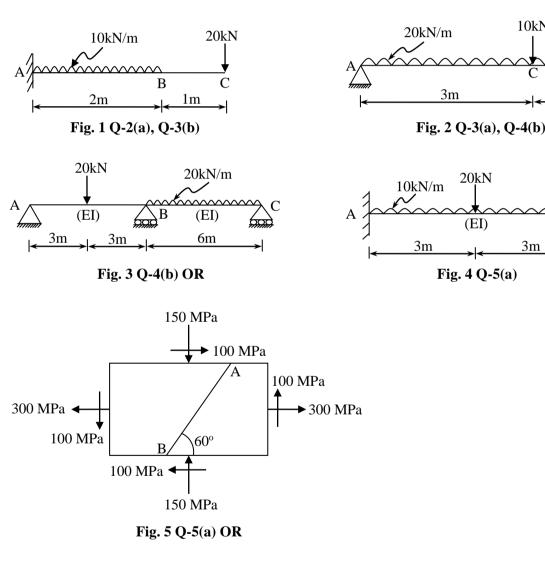
OR

- **Q.5** For the infinitesimal element shown in the fig. 5, find the normal stress, 07 (a) tangential stress and resultant stress on the plane AB.
  - A tie member of a roof truss consists of an angle  $90 \times 90 \times 8$  mm is subjected to 07 **(b)** a load of 100 kN. The tie member is connected to a gusset plate by welding. Design the welded joint, if the size of the weld is 6 mm. Take maximum allowable shear stress in the weld as 100 MPa. The distance between the neutral axis and the edges of the angle section are 28.7 mm and 61.3 mm respectively.

10kN

3m

1 m



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